## Tracing an algorithm

When a computer follows a computer program, it carries out one instruction at a time (albeit very rapidly). To understand how a program functions it can be helpful to manually *trace* the algorithm; that is, to write down the outcome of every instruction as it comes along, just as a computer would.

Line	10:	$A = 1$ , $B = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ , $C = \frac{1}{4}$ , $X = 1$
Line	20:	Let $Y = A$
Line	30:	Let $A = \frac{A+B}{2}$
Line	40:	Let $B = \sqrt{BY}$
Line	50:	Let $C = C - X(A - Y)^2$
Line	60:	Let $X = 2X$
Line	70:	Print $\frac{(A+B)^2}{4C}$
Line	80:	If $X < 8$ GoTo Line 20
Line	90:	End

A trace of this algorithm involves making a note of each update to any variables used by the program (and often the printed outputs as well). Complete the trace:

07107	0.25	1		
			1	
				Image: Section of the section of th

Can you see the aim? Designed by Yoshiaki Tamura and Yasumasa Kanada, in fewer than 20 passes it gives a result accurate to over 1 million decimal places!

## Tracing an algorithm SOLUTIONS

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A trace of this algorithm involves making a note of each update to any variables used by the program (and often the printed outputs as well). Complete the trace:

Α	В	C	Х	Y	Print
1	0.707107	0.25	1		
				1	
0.853553					
	0.840896				
		0.228553			
			2		
					3.14057925052217
				0.853553	
0.847225					
	0.847201				
		0.228473			
			4		
					3.14159264621354
				0.847225	
0.847213					
	0.847213				
		0.228473			
			8		
					3.14159265358979

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