# **Exponential Growth**

#### Terminology:

The *exponent* or *power* or *index* (plural: *indices*) or *order* or *logarithm* is the small number written as a superscript to show how many times the main number (the *base*) is to be multiplied by itself. Eg:  $3^2 = 3 \times 3 = 9$  and  $1.2^5 = 1.2 \times 1.2 \times 1.2 \times 1.2 \times 1.2 = 2.48832$ 

One of the most common uses of the exponential function is in compound interest. To calculate the amount owed at an interest rate of 20%, use the formula:

### $Debt = Original \times 1.2^n$ where *n* is the number of years

**1.** A credit card company charges 20% annual interest on loans. Complete the table to show how much you would owe over time if you borrowed £1000 initially:

Years	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Debt	£1000						

This function can be written as:

$$y = 1000 \times 1.2^{x}$$

where y is the amount of debt and x is the number of years



## **Exponential Growth SOLUTIONS**

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Years	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Debt	£1000	£1200	£1440	£1728	£2073.60	£2488.32	£2985.98

This function can be written as:

 $y = 1000 \times 1.2^{x}$ 

where y is the amount of debt and x is the number of years

