

Write your name here

Surname

Other names

Pearson Edexcel
Level 3 GCE

Centre Number

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Candidate Number

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Mathematics

Advanced

Paper 2: Pure Mathematics 2

Sample Assessment Material for first teaching September 2017

Time: 2 hours

Paper Reference

9MA0/02

You must have:

Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables, calculator

Total Marks

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Candidates may use any calculator permitted by Pearson regulations. Calculators must not have the facility for algebraic manipulation, differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae stored in them.

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B).
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
– *there may be more space than you need.*
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear. Answers without working may not gain full credit.
- Answers should be given to three significant figures unless otherwise stated.

Information

- A booklet 'Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables' is provided.
- There are 16 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.
- If you change your mind about an answer cross it out and put your new answer and any working out underneath.

Turn over ►

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3. Given $y = x(2x + 1)^4$, show that

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = (2x + 1)^n (Ax + B)$$

where n , A and B are constants to be found.

(4)

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

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(Total for Question 3 is 4 marks)

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6. Complete the table below. The first one has been done for you.

For each statement you must state if it is always true, sometimes true or never true, giving a reason in each case.

Statement	Always True	Sometimes True	Never True	Reason
The quadratic equation $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$, ($a \neq 0$) has 2 real roots.		✓		It only has 2 real roots when $b^2 - 4ac > 0$. When $b^2 - 4ac = 0$ it has 1 real root and when $b^2 - 4ac < 0$ it has 0 real roots.
(i) When a real value of x is substituted into $x^2 - 6x + 10$ the result is positive. (2)				
(ii) If $ax > b$ then $x > \frac{b}{a}$ (2)				
(iii) The difference between consecutive square numbers is odd. (2)				

(Total for Question 6 is 6 marks)

11.

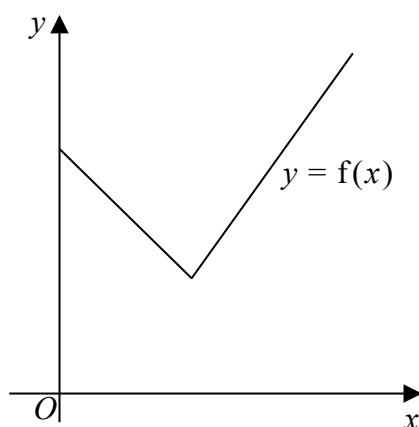


Figure 2

Figure 2 shows a sketch of part of the graph $y = f(x)$, where

$$f(x) = 2|3 - x| + 5, \quad x \geq 0$$

(a) State the range of f

(1)

(b) Solve the equation

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x + 30$$

(3)

Given that the equation $f(x) = k$, where k is a constant, has two distinct roots,

(c) state the set of possible values for k .

(2)

13. (a) Express $10 \cos \theta - 3 \sin \theta$ in the form $R \cos (\theta + \alpha)$, where $R > 0$ and $0 < \alpha < 90^\circ$.
Give the exact value of R and give the value of α , in degrees, to 2 decimal places. (3)

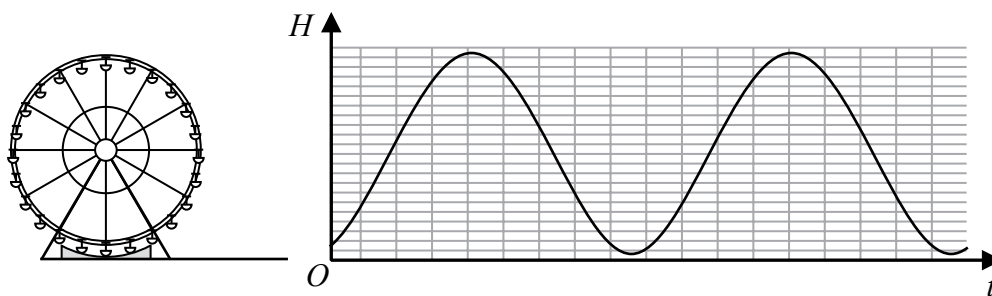


Figure 3

The height above the ground, H metres, of a passenger on a Ferris wheel t minutes after the wheel starts turning, is modelled by the equation

$$H = a - 10 \cos(80t)^\circ + 3 \sin(80t)^\circ$$

where a is a constant.

Figure 3 shows the graph of H against t for two complete cycles of the wheel.

Given that the initial height of the passenger above the ground is 1 metre,

- (b) (i) find a complete equation for the model,
(ii) hence find the maximum height of the passenger above the ground. (2)
- (c) Find the time taken, to the nearest second, for the passenger to reach the maximum height on the second cycle.

(Solutions based entirely on graphical or numerical methods are not acceptable.) (3)

It is decided that, to increase profits, the speed of the wheel is to be increased.

- (d) How would you adapt the equation of the model to reflect this increase in speed? (1)

16. (a) Express $\frac{1}{P(11 - 2P)}$ in partial fractions. (3)

A population of meerkats is being studied.

The population is modelled by the differential equation

$$\frac{dP}{dt} = \frac{1}{22}P(11 - 2P), \quad t \geq 0, \quad 0 < P < 5.5$$

where P , in thousands, is the population of meerkats and t is the time measured in years since the study began.

Given that there were 1000 meerkats in the population when the study began,

- (b) determine the time taken, in years, for this population of meerkats to double, (6)

- (c) show that

$$P = \frac{A}{B + Ce^{-\frac{1}{2}t}}$$

where A , B and C are integers to be found. (3)

